

**IN THE CLAIMS**

1. (Original) A method of making a pultruded part having a uniform cross-section, the method comprising the steps of:

orienting a plurality of longitudinal rovings along a longitudinal axis of a pultrusion die;

providing a reinforcing structure comprising a permeable transport web of staple fibers attached to a plurality of first reinforcing fibers oriented so that the portion of the first reinforcing fibers oriented in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis comprises at least 40% of a volume of materials comprising the reinforcing structure;

shaping the reinforcing structure to generally conform with a profile of the pultrusion die;

combining a resin matrix with the longitudinal rovings and the reinforcing structure in the pultrusion die so that the longitudinal rovings and the reinforcing structure are substantially surrounded by the resin matrix;

at least partially curing the resin matrix in the pultrusion die; and

pulling the pultruded part from the pultrusion die.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the portion of the first reinforcing fibers oriented in the direction transverse comprises at least 50% of a volume of materials comprising the reinforcing structure.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the first reinforcing fibers comprise one or more overlapping layers of first reinforcing fibers.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising preparing the cut staple fibers to have a length of about ½ inch to about 4 inches.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising preparing the cut staple fibers to have a length of about 0.01 inch to about 12 inches.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising preparing the cut staple fibers to have a weight of about 60 grams per square meter to about 300 grams per square meter before attachment to the first reinforcing fibers.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising preparing the cut staple fibers to have a weight of about 10 grams per square meter to about 1200 grams per square meter before attachment to the first reinforcing fibers.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeable transport web from heat-fusible fibers.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeable transport web from at least two different polymeric fibers each with different glass transition temperature.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the at least two polymeric fibers comprise a glass transition temperature of about 350°F and about 270°F, respectively.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeable transport web from a plurality of first polymeric fibers having a first glass transition temperature, and a plurality of bi-component fibers having a first component and a second component, wherein the first component has the first glass transition temperature and the second component has a second glass transition temperature, wherein the second glass transition temperature is less than the first glass transition temperature ~~comprising a first glass transition temperature, and a plurality of bi-component fiber wherein a first component comprises the first glass transition temperature, and a second component comprises a second glass transition temperature less than the first glass transition temperature.~~

12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the bi-component fibers comprise a core-sheath configuration.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the reinforcing structure to have substantially in-plane mechanical and directional stability.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises randomly entangling at least a portion of fibers in the permeable transport web with the first reinforcing fibers.

15. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises thermally bonding at least a portion of fibers in the permeable transport web with the first reinforcing fibers.

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16. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising attaching the first reinforcing fibers in a spaced-apart configuration with a continuous stitching fiber.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein the stitching fiber comprises glass fibers, natural fibers, carbon fibers, metal fibers, ceramic fibers, synthetic or polymeric fibers, composite fibers (including one or more components of glass, natural materials, metal, ceramic, carbon, and/or synthetics components), or a combination thereof.

18. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises applying a binder to the permeable transport web and the first reinforcing fibers.

19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 18 wherein the binder is selected from the group consisting of ~~comprises one or more of~~ a specialized latex

binder diluted in a water carrier, a polyvinyl acetate emulsion, and a crosslinking polyvinyl acetate emulsion.

20. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises forming a plurality of perforations through the permeable transport web and between the first reinforcing fibers.

21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a permeability of at least  $180 \text{ ft}^3/\text{minute}/\text{ft}^2$  as measured according to the procedure of ASTM D737-96 with a pressure differential of about 0.5 inch column of water.

22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a permeability of about  $300 \text{ ft}^3/\text{minute}/\text{ft}^2$  as measured according to the procedure of ASTM D737-96 with a pressure differential of about 0.5 inch column of water.

23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a permeability of more than  $350 \text{ ft}^3/\text{minute}/\text{ft}^2$  as measured according to the procedure of ASTM D737-96 with a pressure differential of about 0.5 inch column of water.

24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a circular bending stiffness of at least about 4 Newtons as measured according to the procedure of ASTM D4032-94.

25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a circular bending stiffness in a range of at least about 4 Newtons to about 15 Newtons as measured according to the procedure of ASTM D4032-94.

26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a thickness of about 0.004 inches to about 0.020 inches.

27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a thickness of about 0.010 inches to about 0.012 inches.

28. (Currently Amended) The method ~~reinforcement structure~~ of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a tensile strength in the transverse direction of about 200 lbs/inch as measured using the procedure of ASTM D76-99.

29. (Currently Amended) The method ~~reinforcement structure~~ of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the permeably transport web ~~reinforcing sheet~~ with a tensile strength along the longitudinal axis of at least 6 lbs/inch as measured using the procedure of ASTM D76-99.

30. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises selecting the first reinforcing fibers from a group consisting of glass fibers, natural fibers, carbon fibers, metal fibers, ceramic fibers, synthetic or polymeric fibers, composite fibers (including one or more components of glass, natural materials, metal, ceramic, carbon, and/or synthetics components), or a combination thereof.

31. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the first reinforcing fibers with at least one polymeric component.

32. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises coating the first reinforcing fibers with a surface treatment including an organosilane agent.

33. (Currently Amended) The method ~~reinforcement structure~~ of claim 32 wherein the organosilane agent comprises one or more families of a cationic amino-functional silane, Tris (2- methoxyethoxyvinylsilane), or 3-methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane.

34. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging the first reinforcing fibers in a direction about  $90^{\circ}$  +/-  $10^{\circ}$  relative to the longitudinal axis.

35. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging the first reinforcing fibers in a direction about  $90^{\circ}$  +/-  $5^{\circ}$  relative to the longitudinal axis.

36. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging substantially all of the first reinforcing fibers to extend continuously across a width of the reinforcing structure.

37. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises attaching a plurality of permeable transport webs to the first reinforcing fibers.

38. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging a plurality of second reinforcing fibers at one or more acute angles relative to the longitudinal axis.

39. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging a plurality of second reinforcing fibers at a first acute angle relative to the longitudinal axis and arranging a plurality of third reinforcing fibers at a second acute angle that is the negative of the first acute angle.

40. (Original) The method of claim 39 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises arranging a plurality of fourth reinforcing fibers parallel to the longitudinal axis.

41. (Original) The method of claim 39 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises locating the first reinforcing fibers between the second and third reinforcing fibers.

42. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises the steps of:

arranging a plurality of second reinforcing fibers at a first acute angle relative to the pull direction;

arranging a plurality of third reinforcing fibers at a second acute angle that is the negative of the first acute angle; and

arranging a plurality of fourth reinforcing fibers generally in the pull direction.

43. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises randomly entangling at least a portion of fibers in the permeable transport web with one or more of the first, second, third or fourth reinforcing fibers.

44. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises thermally bonding at least a portion of fibers in the permeable transport web with one or more of the first, second, third or fourth reinforcing fibers.

45. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises stitching the first reinforcing fibers to one or more of the permeable transport web, the second reinforcing fibers, the third reinforcing fibers, and the fourth reinforcing fibers.

46. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises applying a binder to the permeable transport web and to one or more of the first, second, third or fourth reinforcing fibers.

47. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing one or more of the first, second, third or fourth reinforcing fibers with a polymeric component.

48. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises locating the first reinforcing fibers between the second and third reinforcing fibers and the fourth reinforcing fibers.

49. (Original) The method of claim 42 wherein the step of providing the reinforcing structure comprises preparing the first, second, third or fourth reinforcing fibers as discrete layers.

50. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising the step of attaching the reinforcing structure to the longitudinal rovings prior to combining with the resin matrix.



51. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising the step of positioning a plurality of longitudinal rovings along each surface of the reinforcing structure prior to combining with the resin matrix.

52. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising the step of positioning the reinforcing structure adjacent to a surface of the pultruded part.

53. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising the step of positioning the longitudinal rovings adjacent to a surface of the pultruded part.

54. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising the step of arranging alternating layers of reinforcing structure and longitudinal rovings prior to combining with the resin matrix.

55-63. (Withdrawn)

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64. (Original) A method of making a molded part having a longitudinal axis, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a reinforcing structure comprising a permeable transport web of staple fibers attached to a plurality of first reinforcing fibers oriented so that the portion of the first reinforcing fibers oriented in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis comprises at least 40% of a volume of materials comprising the reinforcing structure;

shaping the reinforcing structure to generally conform with a die;

combining a resin matrix with the reinforcing structure in the die so that the reinforcing structure is substantially surrounded by the resin matrix;

at least partially curing the resin matrix in the die; and

removing the molded part from the die.

65. (Withdrawn)